WORDS: NICK SCOTT ILLUSTRATIONS: DANE FLIGHTY

# **THIS SNIPER RIFLE CAN KILLYOU FROM 2500 METRES** And 21 more reasons why human conflict is about to get livelier – and deadlier.



### The future of war

The menacing-looking widow-maker you see before you is more than just a gun. It's the pinnacle of tens of thousands of years of weapons development - an evolution that began when some wily primitive first tied a stone to a stick, and will only end when the annihilation of mankind is heralded not by the majestic clangour of a Heavenly gong but a faint arterial throb from the charred remains of the last human.

Along the way, we've kicked the proverbial shit out of each other with clubs and cannons, spears and swords, maces and muskets, boomerangs,

battering rams and boiling oil. And don't expect a let-up: with the planet reaching its carrying capacity, whitecoated soothsayers are predicting a scrap over its finite resources; and the ideological clash between East and West is raging more fiercely than ever.

No wonder governments are investing billions (\$US500 billion a year in the case of the US alone) on ever more breathtaking hardware, ushering in an era where mind and might come together in the form of space nukes, unmanned predators and million-round-a-minute firearms

### The future of war

No pilot, no mercy,

THE SHORTEST WAR 9am, 27 August 1896: An ultimatum from the British demanding their colonial subjects in Zanzibar install a pro-British sultan expires 9.02am: Five warships

open fire on the royal palace. 9.38am: Everyone goes home. Once they've finished their tea. the British demand the anzibar government pay for all the shells fired.

One of the US Army's wackier plans has seen the University of Michigan receive a \$10 million grant to develop a 150cm robotic spy plane modelled on a bat and able to gather data from sights, sounds and even smells. Relying on solar and wind power to recharge its battery, the tiny spy plane weighs a mere 113 grams and features the very latest in miniaturised electronics. Beyond cruising over the battlefield, it will also be able to perch on walls and in trees and hedges to study the enemy for sustained periods. Cool, but sadly not due on a battlefield for at least another



He's so tough h

can carry bomb

to the er



skeletons that give wearers superhuman strength - are all the rage in military research. In March Lockheed Martin demonstrated the first practical exoskeleton to take real steps outside the laboratory. The HULC (Human Universal Load Carrier) is hydraulically powered and enables its wearer to carry 100kg loads over all terrains. Plus, an onboard microcomputer allows it to mimic its wearer's actions (so much so, it can even crawl). It's ready to go, but as yet there have been no announcements about in-battle deployment.

### (5) Com-Bat

five years.

6 HULC (Human Universal

Load Carrier)

# **47B UCAS**

"The X-47B demonstrates how unmanned combat aircraft can operate from aircraft carriers, extending the navy's reach and power projection from anywhere in the world," bellows Captain Martin Deppe, an unmanned combat aircraft system program manager for the US Navy. Translation? You can run, but you can't hide. Eeek. This \$600 million UFO-style hunter-killer took Northrop Grumman six years to hone, but it was worth the wait. It flies high subsonic speeds (ie, about 960km/h), it can turn its hand to a number of missions (ie, intelligence, surveillance and reconnaissance) and it can carry payloads of up to 9900kg (ie, level cities). Due in service by 2020.





### CheyTac M200 Intervention System

"A sniper with a target 2500 metres away has to take into account not only wind and elevation but, to a tiny degree, the rotation of the planet," says Richard Machowicz, presenter of **Discovery Channel's Future** Weapons. "So this model comes with a computer - all you have to do is put in all your calculations: three or four different types of wind, GPS co-ordinates, what are the thermal currents, what's the temperature - it crunches that data and gives you the proper elevation and windage you need for that shot." Cheating? If it means an untrained ninny can shoot a rat up the arse from more than two kay away, we don't care - it's awesome.

### WEAPONS OF CHOICE Coming soon to a battlefield near you

### **XM25** Five times more lethal

than a conventional explode-on-impact grenade launcher, the XM25 has a built-in laser rangefinder, giving soldiers the ability to "airburst" grenades. Why? Multiple-killing options, dummy. If your enemy is dug into a foxhole you can program a grenade to burst over his head. And if he's hiding behind a wall you can tell it to fire a grenade that'll burst parallel with it. Due to hit the battlefield in less than three years, these beasts come in at around \$30,000 per weapon - that's 30 times the cost of a basic US Army M4 rifle.

# **FN SCAR** (Special Command Assault Rifle) Mk16/Mk17

Custom-designed for the US Special Forces, the FN SCAR is built in two different calibres, the 7.62mm Mk17 and the 5.56mm Mk16. Both have three interchangeable barrels for use in a variety of combat situations, while the Mk17 can fire both NATO rounds and shorter Russian 7.62 ammo (so captured AK-47 rounds can be used). They're already in production and are likely to replace the seven small arms Special Forces soldiers currently use.





### Fire Scout MQ-8B

An unmanned helicopter, the Fire Scout was the first vertical take-off UAV (unmanned aerial vehicle) to successfully fire a missile and land on a ship. Sure it's small, but don't be fooled - it packs a potent punch Armaments include Hellfire "tank buster" missiles, Viper laser-guided glide bombs and the nasty sounding Advanced Precision Kill Weapon System (APKWS) – a laser-guided 70mm rocket that's a real battle decider.

The NLOS became tumescent with desire for "action" 000000

### 8 NLOS Cannon

Packing a 155mm gun capable of firing ultra-accurate Excalibur shells that are steered like guided missiles, the NLOS (non line of sight) cannon is an artillery weapon sparked by a diesel-electric hybrid power system. And it's remarkably easy to use. Its fully automated gun turret means it only needs a two-man crew compared to the eight men required to man its predecessor, the M109. And it can undergo an ammunition reload in only 12 minutes, compared to the hour it took the M109. Could be killing as early as 2010.

### **RISE OF THE** WARBOTS

er author of Wired Fo r. on why unmanned weapon

We've gotten 11 out of the top 20 Al-Qaeda leaders through robotic Irones without any casualt lumans are still in the loop, but don't believe fully autono systems aren't coming - they are

Yet, however many machines are volved, war is still driven by uman psychology, politics and ociety. Robots are emotio they have no sense of empathy o uilt. What about war crimes? How do you apply the 20th-century laws of war to 21st-century technology

And what of the actual experience of going to war? Picture a day in the life of a Predator drone pilot: getting up in the morning, commuting to work, sitting at a computer screen and shooting missiles at targets for 12 hours. Twenty minutes after being 'at war", they're sitting at the dinne table talking to their children about their schoolwork.

The Robotics Revolution and Conflict in the 21st Century, by Peter Singer, is out now.



# Making waves

After decades of underinvestment Britain's Roval Navy is stepping back up to the big time with two new aircraft carriers...

For too long Britannia hasn't ruled the waves Its aircraft carriers have become the Datsun 120Ys of the sea. HMS Illustrious and HMS Ark Royal, both launched in 1981, have been dwarfed by the carriers of the US and France.

Now, however, the war machine is grinding back into life as work starts on two new "supercarriers". The disappointingly named HMS Oueen Elizabeth and HMS Prince of Wales will be three times the size of the UK's current carriers (though still not as big as the US ships) and equipped with shiny new fighter jets.

Due by 2014 and 2016 respectively, the project is costing the British about \$8 billion. But judging by the diagrams the Royal Navy has been good enough to show FHM, it will be worth it. They look immense. Just don't be surprised if they come steaming over the horizon to attack us for what Paul Keating did to the Queen.

## On top of nine other

decks. the flight deck is 70m wide and 280m long (70m longer than the navy's current carriers), which is roughly 160 John Howards. The planes will be taken up to the flight deck on two huge lifts, both on the starboard side and taking just 60 seconds.



Manufacturer

**BVT Surface** Fleet Power 109MW Top speed 25 knots Range 18.520km Price \$4.7 billion (each) In action 2014-2016

### here will be 1.450

people on board. including 67 catering staff working four galleys, able to serve the entire crew in 45 minutes during "action stations". More than 1,000 tonnes of food will be required to feed the The same system crew for six weeks is being fitted in all and a treatment Royal Navy ships. plant will produce drinking water.

Designed and bu

Artisan radar will

be able to track a

target the size of

a pool ball more

than 20km away.

by UK firm BAE

Systems, the

These will be the first carriers to have split headquarters. One will be devoted to ship navigation (fore) and the other will focus on air operations (aft).



Thirty-six F-35

Lightning IIs are

he Poms decided not to use nuclear propulsion due to cost. opting for electricity instead. The carriers' onboard turbines will produce 109 megawatts. The two propellers will be 6.7m in diameter and the anchors will weigh 13 tonnes each, the same as about eight Holden Commodores.

The boats will be

armed with the

Phalanx defence

system, nicknamed

R2-D2 because of

its likeness to the

droid. The 20mm

detect, track and

destroy incoming

to 4.500 rounds

per minute

missiles, firing up

auns search.

More than 80,000 tonnes of steel will be used to build the carriers. Once at being built in in the sea they will each displace about 65,000 tonnes of water when fully loaded, roughly three times that of the current carriers.





### CornerShot 7.62 Assault **Pistol Rifle**

Looks like a cuddly moggy; actually pumps 7.62mm lumps of lead into insurgents' foreheads. Given that the CornerShot is primarily used to take out terrorists and hostage-takers, it won't come as a surprise that it was developed by Israeli Army senior officers (see sidebar), with sponsorship by American investors. Baghdad's now much-targeted cat community is said to be not amused.

### MetalStorm

"Crazy developments rarely happen in gun technology," says Richard Machowicz of the Discovery Channel's Future Weapons. "You strike a primer that ignites a booster, the gunpowder goes off and the bullet is sent out. But now this thing called Metal Storm has been developed in Australia. It's the only system I've ever heard of that fires

projectiles using electricity. There are no moving parts except for the bullet and the round – and so they call it the 'million round a minute gun'. There are a few prototypes, but it's going to change the way rifles are constructed." FireStorm, pictured, launches 40mm grenades. A quarter of a million of them. In a minute.

### 13 Elbit Systems VIPeR Portable Combat Robot

Why go forward rolling from a

position of cover into an exposed area and certain death when the VIPeR Portable Combat Robot will do it without even bothering to shout "cover me" at his pants-soiling comrades? At 12kg and just 22cm tall, it was made by Israeli defense firm Elbit for soldiers to carry around and unleash on Palestinian or Lebanese Hezbollah guerillas. Happy to tackle stairs, rubble, dark alleys, caves and narrow tunnels, it's capable of entering pretty much any urban combat zone, and is armed with bomb-sniffing and bomb disposal equipment, plus an Uzi machine-pistol. It can also plant a grenade via remote control.

The FireStorm ery, very shoot

### The future of war

### DEATH SOLIAD

They invented the crossbow, the traction trebuchet – that giant vooden catapult thing medieval folk besiege



castles with in films - and gunpowder The last of these was stumbled upon by ancient alchemists, around AD 850, who mixed 75 parts saltpeter with

15 parts charcoal and 10 parts sulphur. Their attempts to discover an elixir for immortality guite literally blew up in their faces

gun in 1718 by more thar



Yep, the bloke behind the Peace Prize. Nobel's dad owned a Russia based engineering firm that provided military hardware, including landmines, to the Tsar's army. Alfred himself invented dynamite. He owned Swedish company Bofors and turned it from an iron manufacturer to a cannon maker. Today the company is part of BAE Systems - one of the world's biggest manufacturers of combat vehicles, ammunition, artillery systems, naval guns and nissile launchers

v. the AK-4 te as a dog pissing up a rop you can't have everyth

### fael Simon 150 **Rifle-Launched** 14) renade

This rifle grenade was developed by Bafael, otherwise known as the Israeli Authority For Development of Weapons, Inside that plastic doughnut is 150g of explosive charge, which is detonated by impact pressure on the tip of the alloy rod protruding from it. You slide it over the barrel of a conventional rifle, aim it at any door then turn said door into a pile of splinters. Not for casual use in the event of key loss.

### Bafael Matador Developed for the Singapore

army, this shoulder mount wall-breaching device has two modes: one is handy if you want to make a hole in a wall (up to 20cm of double reinforced concrete); while the "blast mode" increases the interval between two charges going off, ensuring that you take out the entire building. So any war movie set from now on can forget about portraying soldiers hiding inside semi-destroyed buildings - they wouldn't last five seconds



Check it out on YouTube and weep.

### The future of war

### **THE FINAL** FRONTIER

How long before weapons are, literally, out of this world?

Look up at the sky for a second. Now imagine that, just 120km or so beyond the outer limits of your vision, a nuclear warhead, only a few metres long but capable of wiping out a city, is aimed at Australia.

This is the reality that awaits us, according to Dr Helen Caldicott, Australian speaker, physician and co-author of War In Heaven: The Arms Race In Outer Space. "War is already being fought from space," she says. "There are already satellites that identify targets in, say, Iraq. Someone sitting at a console in Florida then sends a message to the drones, which shoot down missiles.

"Now they're building anti-satellite weapons to blind enemy satellites, such as China's and Russia's, Next up will surely be weapons in space, fired down to Earth. There are already plans to launch titanium rods up there. because the weapons will be powered by plutonium 238 – pretty much the most deadly material known to man. There are already plans to create laser weapons that will be fired down from space."

106 FHM.COM.AU

The MK44 is the machine gun of cannons



STILL AT WAR Japan and Rus Russia has never signed a peace treaty with Japar following WWII. th and South Ko An armistice was never signed after the Korean War ceasefire – which means the US and Australia are still technically at war with North Korea. na a<mark>nd Taiw</mark>a

There's been no ceasefire since the 1949 civil war. Syria and Israe at odds since the 1967 Middle Fast war

### **1**7 **MK44 Bushmaster**

### **Automatic Cannon**

The MK44 homing torpedo is pictured here atop an amphibious Expeditionary Fighting Vehicle, which is due for deployment by the US Marines in 2015, although this baby can whup just as much ass from any military aircraft as well. That beam of light you see is the burn of the targeting tracer. The Bushmaster fires 200 rounds a minute to a range of 3000 metres.



The "phalanx" was an angular troop formation used by the ancient Greeks to protect soldiers in combat; this vehicle has a V-shaped hull, which deflects mine blasts. The US military is developing this beefcake of a vehicle to replace the Humvee. The makers are short on specifics but it'll have a Transformer-like number of configurations.





Built as a private venture on a shoestring budget (in military terms) of \$1 million, the Ripsaw started life as the world's fastest tracked

vehicle (with a top speed of 120km/h, it can accelerate from 0-80km/h in 3.5 seconds). But now the US Army wants to use it as the world's deadliest robot - a unit able to shoot and scoot before the enemy knows what's hit it. The robotic Ripsaw is remotely controlled from an M113 armoured vehicle by an operator using a bank of TV screens designed to make him feel like he's playing a first-person shooter computer game. Breathe semi-easy, though - development of the Ripsaw is still in its early stages.





Disrupter With AquaRam products you get what it says on the tin - a jet of water rammed into an incendiary device to detonate it and suppress its explosive effects, preserving plenty of forensic evidence and more importantly – the lives of those in the immediate proximity. Various sizes of AquaRam can be deployed, depending on whether you want to surpress the potential effects of a carelessly abandoned handbag a bomb-packed van. Bomb disposal experts are said to be more than happy to hang up their wire-cutters.



Beretta ARX 160 Currently undergoing trials by the Italian armed forces as part of its trendy sounding "Soldato Futuro" program, the Beretta ARX 160 weighs 3kg, compared to the 4.5kg AR70/90 currently in use. Firing 700 rounds a minute, it effectively comes in kit form, so soldiers in the field can swap a 30cm barrel for a 40cm barrel. For some reason. And a child could operate it! Awesome! AquaRam: like

a Super Soaker . on 'roids





### BAE Systems 57mm Mk110 Naval Gun

It looks like something from Star Wars. Much more impressively, it fires like it, too - automatic salvos of up to 220 rounds a minute to a range of 14km, making it the US Navy's future system of choice against all threats. Has a delay function, presumably for suicidal sailors who haven't been issued with a gun.



### FIRING INE

icz, presenter of ery Channel's Future We n war's benevolent new face



Mac: Yeah, I go around the world, I shoot big guns, I fly in incredible aircraft and blow things up. What boy wouldn't want that job? But there's a serious side.

Mac: That's right. It was originally going to be called "Overkill", but then I thought: "That's going to make the military and defence contractors look like Dr Strangeloves." They're not thinking about how many they can kill - they're thinking the opposite.

Mac: Well, developed nations have a shared attitude: the enemy can behave how they want to – they will use civilian shields, kill people en masse, saw off a person's head and put it on the internet - but we won't do that. We put a value on human life. We want nation states, with civilians who get fed.

Mac: Three ways - one, maximise accuracy, minimise collateral damage and get our guys home safely. If anyone wants to get through that fantasy door marked "No War". they're going to have to go through a door marked "Future Weapons" first.

Mac: In WWII, thousands of bombs were dropped over cities; now, with GPS and tailfin stabilisers, a dumb bomb can go to any GPS co-ordinate.

Mac: Soldiers are increasingly surrounded by civilians, so they need less-than-lethal options. We have the Active Denial System, which shoots a millimetre-long wave. I've been popped by it and it feels like intense sunburn. But as soon as you run away from it - which is what it's designed for - it's gone. This thing has a range as good as most assault rifles now.